

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

TM DESANA

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2020-01-07

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name TM DESANA

Registration number (REACH) not relevant (mixture)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses bleaching agent cleaning agent

biocidal product professional use (SU22) industrial use (SU3)

Uses advised against do not use for squirting or spraying

do not use for products which come into direct con-

tact with the skin

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Thonhauser GmbH Perlhofgasse 2/1 2372 Giesshübl/Wien

Austria

Telephone: +43 (0)2236 320 272 Telefax: +43 (0)2236 320 273 e-mail: QA@thonhauser.net Website: www.thonhauser.net

e-mail (competent person)

QA@thonhauser.net (Herr Dr. Daniel Herzog)

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Manufacturer +43 699 141 80 200

Mon - Thu 07:00 - 15:00, Fri 07:00 - 13:00

Poison centre & Emergency information service

United Kingdom CHEMTREC UK 24/7 CCN 819393	+44 870 8200418

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
2.16	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals	1	Met. Corr. 1	H290
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1A	Skin Corr. 1A	H314
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
4.1A	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	1	Aquatic Acute 1	H400
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	2	Aquatic Chronic 2	H411

For full text of H-phrases: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 Label elements



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Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS05, GHS09



- Hazard statements

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Caúses severe skin burns and eye damage. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- Precautionary statements

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

Supplemental hazard information

EUH206 Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gases (chlor-

ine).

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling potassium hydroxide

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Conc.	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	M-Factors
Potassium hydrox- ide	CAS No 1310-58-3 EC No 215-181-3	10 - < 25 wt%	Met. Corr. 1 / H290 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		
Active chlorine re- leased from sodium hypochlorite	CAS No 7681-52-9 EC No 231-668-3	1 – < 5 wt%	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Aquatic Acute 1 / H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410	(1) (1)	M-Factor (acute) = 10.0
Sodium perman- ganate	CAS No 10101-50-5 EC No 233-251-1	<1 wt%	Ox. Sol. 2 / H272 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Aquatic Acute 1 / H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410		M-Factor (acute) = 10.0



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For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

Regulation 528/2012/EU concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products

Biocidal active substances

Name of substance	W/v	Unit
Active chlorine released from sodium hypochlorite	41.44	G/I

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

water spray, alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

Hazardous combustion products

nitrogen oxides (NOx), phosphorus oxides (PxOy), hydrogen chloride (HCl), chlorine (Cl2)



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5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder, Absorbents and binders, neutralising agents.

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Incompatible substances or mixtures: see section 7. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

- Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures

Do not mix with acids.

- Keep away from

acide

- Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Corrosive conditions

Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.



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- Incompatible substances or mixtures

Prohibition of joint storage (with): acids, oxidisers, reducing agents, peroxides

- Floors

The materials shall display sufficient resistance to the prevalent chemical conditions (Caustic solutions).

- Protect against external exposure, such as

heat, frost, sunlight, direct light irradiation

- Consideration of other advice

Observe technical data sheet.

Lagerklasse (storage class according to TRGS 510, Germany): 8 B (non-combustible corrosive materials)

- Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Floors: The materials shall display sufficient resistance to the prevalent chemical conditions (Caustic solutions).

- Packaging compatibilities (Receptacles / Material)

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

These information are not available.

Other information 7.4

Conditions to avoid: heat (exothermic decomposition) Provide for exhaust ventilation of containers. storage temperature of 5 °C and up to 20 °C recommended storage temperature: 5 - 10 °C

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials
Aluminium
Copper, bronze, brass
Zinc
Tin

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters 8.1

National limit values

Occup	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Cou ntry	Name of agent	CAS No	lden tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota tion	Sour ce
GB	Potassium hy- droxide	1310-58- 3	WEL				2				EH40/ 2005

Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur.

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless

TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted

average (unless otherwise specified)



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Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time
Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	DNEL	1 mg/m³	Human, inhalatory	Worker (industry)	Chronic - local ef- fects
Active chlorine re- leased from sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	DNEL	1.55 mg/m ³	Human, inhalatory	Worker (industry)	Chronic - local ef- fects
Active chlorine re- leased from sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	DNEL	1.55 mg/m ³	Human, inhalatory	Worker (industry)	Chronic - system- ic effects
Sodium permanganate	10101-50-5	DNEL	0.05 mg/m ³	Human, inhalatory	Worker (industry)	Chronic - system- ic effects
Sodium permanganate	10101-50-5	DNEL	0.05 mg/m ³	Human, inhalatory	Worker (industry)	Acute - systemic effects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

	•					
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environment- al compart- ment	Exposure time
Active chlorine re- leased from sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	PNEC	0.21 ^{µg} / _l	Aquatic organisms	Freshwater	Short-term (single instance)
Active chlorine re- leased from sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	PNEC	0.042 ^{µg} / _I	Aquatic organisms	Marine water	Short-term (single instance)
Active chlorine re- leased from sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	PNEC	4.69 ^{mg} / _I	Microorganisms	Sewage treat- ment plant (STP)	Short-term (single instance)
Active chlorine re- leased from sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	PNEC	11.1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	(Top) predators	Water	Short-term (single instance)
Active chlorine re- leased from sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	PNEC	0.26 ^{µg} / _I	Aquatic organisms	Water	Intermittent re- lease
Sodium permanganate	10101-50-5	PNEC	0 ^{mg} / _l	Aquatic organisms	Freshwater	Short-term (single instance)
Sodium permanganate	10101-50-5	PNEC	0 ^{mg} / _l	Aquatic organisms	Marine water	Short-term (single instance)
Sodium permanganate	10101-50-5	PNEC	1.64 ^{mg} / _I	Aquatic organisms	Sewage treat- ment plant (STP)	Short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Note the following information: Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures. Keep away from. Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Recommended safety measures for handling undiluted product:

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.



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Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)





Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection. Use safety goggle with side protection. Use protective eyewear to guard against splash of liquids. EN 166.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

PVC: polyvinyl chloride, NR: natural rubber, latex, CR: chloroprene (chlorobutadiene) rubber, NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber, IIR: isobutene-isoprene (butyl) rubber, FKM: fluoro-elastomer, nitrile

- Breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6).

- Protective gloves

Recommended protective gloves (trademark/manufacturer): UVEX u-chem

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Combination filtering device (EN 141). Powered filtering device (EN 147). Self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 133). Full face mask/half mask/quarter mask (EN 136/140). Filtering half mask (EN 149). Type: B-P2 (combined filters for acidic gases and particles, colour code: Grey/White). Type: ABEK-P2 (combined filters against gases, vapours and particles, colour code: Brown/Grey/Yellow/Green/White).

Chemical protective clothing

Wear suitable protective clothing. Chemical protection suit.

Environmental exposure controls

Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets. Before discharge of the waste water into a municipal waste water treatment facility the product normally needs to be neutralised.

Recommended safety measures for handling the diluted product:

Recommended maximum concentration (%): 1-3%

Appropriate engineering controls

Exhaust ventilation. General ventilation. Open windows, door, to allow sufficient ventilation. If this is not possible employ a fan to increase air exchange.



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Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)





Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection. Use protective eyewear to guard against splash of liquids. EN 166.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Type of material

PVC: polyvinyl chloride, CR: chloroprene (chlorobutadiene) rubber, IIR: isobutene-isoprene (butyl) rubber

- Protective gloves - Splash protection

Recommended protective gloves (trademark/manufacturer): UVEX u-fit,

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Combination filtering device (EN 141). Self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 133). Full face mask/half mask/quarter mask (EN 136/140). Filtering half mask (EN 149). Type: B-P2 (combined filters for acidic gases and particles, colour code: Grey/White). Type: ABEK-P2 (combined filters against gases, vapours and particles, colour code: Brown/Grey/Yellow/Green/White).

Chemical protective clothing

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection. Use protective eyewear to guard against splash of liquids. EN 166.

Skin protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

No special requirements under normal use conditions. Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Combination filtering device (EN 141). Particulate filter device (EN 143). Full face mask/half mask/quarter mask (EN 136/140). Filtering half mask (EN 149). Type: B-P2 (combined filters for acidic gases and particles, colour code: Grey/White).

Chemical protective clothing

No special requirements under normal use conditions. Wear suitable protective clothing.



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Environmental exposure controls

No special requirements under normal use conditions. Before discharge of the waste water into a municipal waste water treatment facility the product normally needs to be neutralised.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state liquid Colour violet

Odour characteristic

Other safety parameters

pH (value) 12-13 (water: $10^{9}/_{1}$, 20° C) (base)

Melting point/freezing point not determined

Initial boiling point and boiling range 100 °C

Flash point not determined
Evaporation rate not determined
Flammability (solid, gas) not relevant, (fluid)
Explosive limits not determined
Vapour pressure 32 hPa at 25 °C

Density $1.25 - 1.275 \, ^{9}/_{cm^{3}}$ at 20 °C Vapour density this information is not available

Solubility(ies)

- Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW) this information is not available

Auto-ignition temperature not determined Viscosity not determined

Explosive properties none
Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Solvent content 73.89 % Solid content 26.11 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exhibits an exothermic reaction (with): acids + Oxidisers (Formation of chlorine gas)

Dangerous/dangerous reactions with: base metals (formation of hydrogen), oxidisers, acids

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.



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Physical stresses which might result in a hazardous situation and have to be avoided:

high temperatures, direct light irradiation

10.5 Incompatible materials

aluminium (AI), zinc (Zn), tin (Sn)

Release of flammable materials with:

light metals (due to the release of hydrogen in an acid/alkaline medium)

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Chlorine (CI), hydrogen chloride (HCI), carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	Oral	333 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Active chlorine released from sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	Oral	1,100 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Sodium permanganate	10101-50-5	Oral	500 ^{mg} / _{kg}

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.



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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Active chlorine released from sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	EC50	141 ^{µg} / _l	Aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Active chlorine released from sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	ErC50	0.0365 ^{mg} / _l	Algae	72 h
Sodium permanganate	10101-50-5	LC50	0.7 ^{mg} / _l	Fish	48 h
Sodium permanganate	10101-50-5	EC50	0.06 ^{mg} / _l	Aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Sodium permanganate	10101-50-5	ErC50	0.8 ^{mg} / _l	Algae	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Active chlorine released from sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	EC50	563 ^{mg} / _l	Microorganisms	3 h
Sodium permanganate	10101-50-5	LC50	1.51 ^{mg} / _l	Fish	24 h
Sodium permanganate	10101-50-5	EC50	0.15 ^{mg} / _l	Aquatic invertebrates	24 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

The application solution can be disposed in the sewage system, taking into account technical and national regulations.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.



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Relevant provisions relating to waste

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

HP 4 Irritant - skin irritation and eye damage.

HP 8 Corrosive. HP 14 Ecotoxic.

List of wastes

Waste catalogue ordinance (Germany)

Assign arising waste to a waste code according to the national list of waste

- Product

16 05 07* Discarded inorganic chemicals consisting of or containing dangerous substances.

20 01 15* Alkalines.

- Product residues

15 01 10* Packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances.

- Packagings

15 01 02 Plastic packaging.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	3266

14.2 UN proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

Technical name potassium hydroxide, Active chlorine released from

(hazardous ingredients) sodium hypochlorite

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8 (corrosive substances) (environmentally hazardous)

14.4 Packing group II (substance presenting medium danger)

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment (Active chlorine re-

leased from sodium hypochlorite)

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)

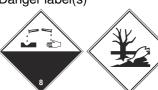
UN number 3266

Proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

Class 8
Classification code C5

Packing group II

Danger label(s) 8, fish and tree



Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)



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Special provisions (SP) 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

Transport category (TC) 2

Tunnel restriction code (TRC) E

Hazard identification No 80

Emergency Action Code 2X

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

Proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

3266

Class 8

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Packing group

Danger label(s) 8, fish and tree



UN number



Special provisions (SP) 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-A, S-B

Stowage category B

Segregation group 18 - Alkalis

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

UN number 3266

Proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s.

Class

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Packing group II
Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

A3

E2

0,5 L



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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Deco-Paint Directive (2004/42/EC)

VOC content 0 %

Directive on industrial emissions (VOCs, 2010/75/EU)

VOC content 0 %

Regulation 648/2004/EC on detergents

Labelling of contents

Constituents	Weight % content (or range)
Phosphates	5 % or over but less than 15 %
Chlorine-based bleaching agents	Less than 5 %

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
Aquatic Acute	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
Met. Corr.	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals
M-Factor	Means a multiplying factor. It is applied to the concentration of a substance classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment acute category 1 or chronic category 1, and is used to derive by the summation method the classification of a mixture in which the substance is present
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
Ox. Sol.	Oxidising solid
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
Ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TRGS	Technische Regeln für GefahrStoffe (technical rules for hazardous substances, Germany)
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
VPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).



Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

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List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

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Code	Text	
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.	
H290	May be corrosive to metals.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.