

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

TM FOAM PERACID

Version number: GHS 7.0 Replaces version of: 2018-04-09 (GHS 6)

Revision: 2019-11-06

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 **Product identifier**

> TM FOAM PERACID Trade name

Registration number (REACH) not relevant (mixture)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses biocidal product

professional use (SU22) industrial use (SÚ3)

Uses advised against do not use for products which come into direct con-

tact with the skin

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

> Thonhauser GmbH Perlhofgasse 2/1 2372 Giesshübl/Wien

Austria

1.4

Telephone: +43 (0)2236 320 272 Telefax: +43 (0)2236 320 273 e-mail: QA@thonhauser.net Website: www.thonhauser.net e-mail (competent person)

Emergency telephone number

Manufacturer

+43 699 141 80 200

Mon - Thu 07:00 - 15:00, Fri 07:00 - 13:00

QA@thonhauser.net (Herr Dr. Daniel Herzog)

Poison centre & Emergency information service

United Kingdom	CHEMTREC UK 24/7 CCN 819393	+44 870 8200418
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
2.13	Oxidising liquid	2	Ox. Liq. 2	H272
2.16	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals	1	Met. Corr. 1	H290
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1C	Skin Corr. 1C	H314
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
3.8R	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	2	Aquatic Chronic 2	H411

For full text of H-phrases: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 Label elements



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

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Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS03, GHS05, GHS07, GHS09







- Hazard statements

H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser. H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water or shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if P305+P351+P338

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling acetic acid, hydrogen peroxide, Benzenesulfonic acid,

4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs., Peracetic acid, Isotri-

decanol, ethoxyliert (6-9 EO)

Other hazards 2.3

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substances 3.1

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 **Mixtures**

Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Conc.	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	M-Factors
Acetic acid	CAS No 64-19-7	10 - < 25 wt%	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		
	EC No 200-580-7		-	•	
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec- alkyl derivs.	CAS No 85536-14-7	5 - < 10 wt%	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Corr. 1C / H314		
aikyi derivs.	EC No 287-494-3		Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412	* *	
Hydrogen peroxide	CAS No 7722-84-1	5-<10 wt%	Ox. Liq. 1 / H271 Acute Tox. 4 / H302		
	EC No 231-765-0		Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 STOT SE 3 / H335	<u>(1)</u>	



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Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Conc.	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	M-Factors
Isotridecanol, eth- oxyliert (6-9 EO)	CAS No 9043-30-5	5 – < 10 wt%	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		
Peracetic acid	CAS No 79-21-0 EC No 201-186-8	1 - < 5 wt%	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Org. Perox. D / H242 Met. Corr. 1 / H290 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 STOT SE 3 / H335 Aquatic Acute 1 / H400		

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

Regulation 528/2012/EU concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products

producto						
Biocidal active substances						
Name of substance	W/v	Unit				
Peracetic acid		G/I				

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures 4.1



General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed 4.2

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none



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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

water spray, alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet, none organic substances

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Oxidising property. Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

Hazardous combustion products

nitrogen oxides (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2)

Advice for firefighters 5.3

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures 6.1

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

6.2 **Environmental precautions**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up 6.3

Advice on how to contain a spill

covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Collect spillage: kieselgur (diatomite), sand, Absorbents and binders, neutralising agents.

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area. Avoid mixing with flammable or combustible substances (e.g. sawdust).

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Incompatible substances or mixtures: see section 7. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.



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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles

- Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures
- Keep away from

organic absorbing material, pulp/paper, bases (alkalis)

- Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Corrosive conditions

Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

- Flammability hazards

Keep valves and fittings free from oil and grease.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Prohibition of joint storage (with): bases (alkalis),

Keep/store away from clothing/combustible materials. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.

- Floors

The materials shall display sufficient resistance to the prevalent chemical conditions (Acids).

- Protect against external exposure, such as

heat, frost, sunlight, direct light irradiation

- Consideration of other advice

Observe technical data sheet.

Lagerklasse (storage class according to TRGS 510, Germany): 5.1 B (oxidising substances)

- Packaging compatibilities (Receptacles / Material)

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

These information are not available.

7.4 Other information

Provide for exhaust ventilation of containers. storage temperature of 0 °C and up to 30 °C recommended storage temperature: 5 - 20 °C

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials

TM FOAM PERACID can be used within the specified application concentration for disinfection of surfaces made of stainless steel, but also of plastics, such as Teflon, polyethylene and - propylene, Munkadur, PVC, NBR and EPDM.

When disinfecting surfaces made of brass and copper, longer contact times should be avoided due to the risk of discoloration. TM FOAM PERACID cannot be used for disinfecting surfaces made of lime, cement and marble. For all other materials, preliminary tests must be carried out at appropriate places.



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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Cou ntry	Name of agent	CAS No	lden tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota tion	Sour ce
EU	Acetic acid	64-19-7	IOEL V	10	25	20	50				2017/ 164/ EU
GB	Acetic acid	64-19-7	WEL	10	25	20	50				EH40/ 2005
GB	Hydrogen perox- ide	7722-84- 1	WEL	1	1.4	2	2.8				EH40/ 2005

Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur.

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless

otherwise specified).

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified). TWA

Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	DNEL	12 mg/m ³	Human, inhalatory	Worker (industry)	Chronic - system- ic effects
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	DNEL	12 mg/m ³	Human, inhalatory	Worker (industry)	Acute - systemic effects
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	DNEL	170 mg/kg	Human, dermal	Worker (industry)	Chronic - system- ic effects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environment- al compart- ment	Exposure time
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	PNEC	0.287 ^{mg} / _I	Aquatic organisms	Freshwater	Short-term (single instance)
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	PNEC	0.029 ^{mg} / _I	Aquatic organisms	Marine water	Short-term (single instance)
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	PNEC	0.017 ^{mg} / _l	Aquatic organisms	Water	Intermittent re- lease



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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

	'					
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environment- al compart- ment	Exposure time
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	PNEC	3.43 ^{mg} / _I	Aquatic organisms	Sewage treat- ment plant (STP)	Short-term (single instance)
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	PNEC	0.287 ^{mg} / _{kg}	Aquatic organisms	Freshwater sedi- ment	Short-term (single instance)
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	PNEC	0.287 ^{mg} / _{kg}	Aquatic organisms	Marine sediment	Short-term (single instance)
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	PNEC	35 ^{mg} / _{kg}	Terrestrial organisms	Soil	Short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)











Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection. Use safety goggle with side protection. Use protective eyewear to guard against splash of liquids. EN 166.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Type of material

CR: chloroprene (chlorobutadiene) rubber

- Breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6).

- Protective gloves - Splash protection

Recommended protective gloves (trademark/manufacturer):

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Acid-resistant, acid-proof overalls or apron. Acid-proof, acid-resistant boots or safety shoes.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Combination filtering device (EN 141). Type: ABEK (combined filters against gases and vapours, colour code: Brown/Grey/Yellow/Green). Type: ABEK-P2 (combined filters against gases, vapours and particles, colour code: Brown/Grey/Yellow/Green/White).



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Chemical protective clothing

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Environmental exposure controls

Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets. Before discharge of the waste water into a municipal waste water treatment facility the product normally needs to be neutralised.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless - light yellow

Odour stinging

Other safety parameters

pH (value) 2.5 – 3 (water: $10^{9}/_{l}$, 20° C) *

Melting point/freezing point $$-18\ ^{\circ}\text{C}$$ Initial boiling point and boiling range $$105\ ^{\circ}\text{C}$$ Flash point $$>97\ ^{\circ}\text{C}$$

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Evaporation rate} & \text{not determined} \\ \text{Flammability (solid, gas)} & \text{not relevant, (fluid)} \\ \text{Explosive limits} & \text{not determined} \\ \text{Vapour pressure} & 23 \text{ hPa at 25 °C} \\ \text{Density} & 1.048 - 1.05 \text{ } ^{9}\text{/cm}^{3} \\ \end{array}$

Vapour density this information is not available

Solubility(ies)

- Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW) this information is not available

Auto-ignition temperature 410 °C

Viscosity not determined

Explosive properties none
Oxidising properties oxidiser

9.2 Other information

Solvent content 100 % Solid content 0 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Oxidising property. Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exhibits an exothermic reaction (with): Caustic solutions (Alkalis)



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Dangerous/dangerous reactions with: base metals (formation of hydrogen), oxidisers

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. UV-radiation/sunlight.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Keep valves and fittings free from oil and grease.

10.5 Incompatible materials

combustible materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	Oral	1,470 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	Oral	500 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	Inhalation: vapour	11 ^{mg} / _l /4h
Isotridecanol, ethoxyliert (6-9 EO)	9043-30-5	Oral	500 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Peracetic acid	79-21-0	Oral	500 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Peracetic acid	79-21-0	Dermal	1,100 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Peracetic acid	79-21-0	Inhalation: vapour	11 ^{mg} / _l /4h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.



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Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Aquatic toxicit	v (acute	of component	ts of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	LC50	1.67 ^{mg} / _I	Fish	96 h
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	EC50	2.9 ^{mg} / _l	Aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	EbC50	2 ^{mg} / _l	Aquatic invertebrates	48 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	LC50	1.1 ^{mg} / _l	Aquatic invertebrates	144 h
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	EC50	6.4 ^{mg} / _I	Aquatic invertebrates	24 h

Biodegradation

The relevant substances of the mixture are readily biodegradable.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10- 13-sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7	DOC removal	94 %	28 d		ECHA

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative		£	af the a mainthine
BIOACCHMHIAIIVA	noiennaid	n components	OF THE BUILDING

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13- sec-alkyl derivs.	85536-14-7		2.2 (pH value: 3.7, 23 °C)	



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12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

The application solution can be disposed in the sewage system, taking into account technical and national regulations.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Relevant provisions relating to waste

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

HP 2 Oxidising.

HP 4 Irritant - skin irritation and eye damage.

HP 8 Corrosive.

List of wastes

Waste catalogue ordinance (Germany)

Assign arising waste to a waste code according to the national list of waste

- Product

16 09 03* Peroxides, e.g. hydrogen peroxide.

- Product residues

15 01 10* Packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances.

- Packagings

15 01 02 Plastic packaging.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number 3149

14.2 UN proper shipping name HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND PEROXYACETIC

ACID MIXTURE, STABILIZED

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class 5.1 (oxidizing substances) (environmentally hazardous)

Subsidiary risk(s) 8 (corrosive effects)

14.4 Packing group II (substance presenting medium danger)

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment (Peracetic acid)

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.



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Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)

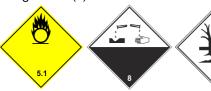
UN number 3149

Proper shipping name HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND PEROXYACETIC

ACID MIXTURE, STABILIZED

Class 5.1
Classification code OC1
Packing group II

Danger label(s) 5.1+8, fish and tree



Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP) 196, 553

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

Transport category (TC) 2

Tunnel restriction code (TRC) E

Hazard identification No 58

Emergency Action Code 2P
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN number 3149

Proper shipping name HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND PEROXYACETIC

ACID MIXTURE, STABILIZED

Class 5.1 Subsidiary risk(s) 8

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Packing group

Danger label(s) 5.1+8, fish and tree



Special provisions (SP) 196
Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
EmS F-H, S-Q

Stowage category D

Segregation group 16 - Peroxides



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International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

UN number 3149

Proper shipping name Hydrogen peroxide and peroxyacetic acid mixture sta-

bilized

Class 5.1 Subsidiary risk(s) 8

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Packing group II

Danger label(s) 5.1+8



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

A96

E2

0,5 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Deco-Paint Directive (2004/42/EC)

VOC content 13.2 %

Directive on industrial emissions (VOCs, 2010/75/EU)

VOC content 6.2 %

Regulation 648/2004/EC on detergents

Labelling of contents

3	
Constituents	Weight % content (or range)
Anionic surfactants Oxygen-based bleaching agents	5 % or over but less than 15 %

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2017/164/EU	Commission Directive establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC, and amending Commission Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)



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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Aquatic Acute	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EbC50	= EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
Log KOW	n-Octanol/water
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
Met. Corr.	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
Org. Perox.	Organic peroxide
Ox. Liq.	Oxidising liquid
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic



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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
Ppm	Parts per million	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin	
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit	
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	
TRGS	Technische Regeln für GefahrStoffe (technical rules for hazardous substances, Germany)	
TWA	Time-weighted average	
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds	
VPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	
WEL	Workplace exposure limit	

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H242	Heating may cause a fire.
H271	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.